

Algebra I

8-1

Equations in Two Variables

Solve - Get the variable on a side by itself.

What does it mean to solve:

$$x + y = 4$$

$$\begin{matrix} (2, 2) & (-2, 6) \\ (3, 1) & (0, -6) \\ (4, 0) \\ (-1, 5) \end{matrix}$$

How many solutions does $x + y = 4$ have? infinite.

noun infinity $\rightarrow \infty$

adjective

State whether each ordered pair is a solution of the given equation.

1) $5x + 2y = 23$ $(3, 4)$ $(7, -6)$

$$\begin{aligned} 5(3) + 2(4) &= 23 \\ 15 + 8 &= 23 \\ \text{Yes} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5(7) + 2(-6) &= 23 \\ 35 + (-12) &= 23 \\ \text{Yes} \end{aligned}$$

Solve each equation if x and y are whole numbers.

13) $2x + y = 6$

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} (0, 6) \\ (1, 4) \\ (2, 2) \\ (3, 0) \\ \cancel{(4, -2)} \end{matrix} \right\}$$

Not a whole

25) $xy + 7 = 23$

$$\begin{aligned} xy + 7 - 7 &= 23 - 7 \\ xy &= 16 \\ \left\{ \begin{matrix} (1, 16) & (8, 2) \\ (2, 8) & (16, 1) \\ (4, 4) \end{matrix} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

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2-36 even